

Pilzökologie 09-2010

<p>LESKI, T., AUČINA, A., SKRIDAILA, A., PIETRAS, M., RIEPŠAS, E. & M. RUDAWSKA (2010): Ectomycorrhizal community structure of different genotypes of Scots pine under forest nursery conditions. <i>Mycorrhiza</i> 20/1: 1-9</p>	<p>Scots pine, Mycorrhizal fungi, Provenance variation, ITS-sequencing, <i>Suillus</i>, <i>Wilcoxina</i></p>
<p>ORTEGA-MARTÍNEZ, P., ÁGUEDA, B., FERNÁNDEZ-TOIRÁN, L.M. & F. MARTÍNEZ-PEÑA (2010): Tree age influences on the development of edible ectomycorrhizal fungi sporocarps in <i>Pinus sylvestris</i> stands. <i>Mycorrhiza</i> 20/1: 1-6</p>	<p><i>Boletus edulis</i>, <i>Lactarius deliciosus</i>, Stand age class, Scots pine</p>
<p>OVASKAINEN, O., HOTTOLA, J. & J. SIITONEN (2010): Modeling species co-occurrence by multivariate logistic regression generates new hypotheses on fungal interactions. <i>Ecology</i> 91:2514–2521</p>	<p>Bayesian inference, dead wood, logistic regression, multivariate model, polypore, species community, species interaction, wood-decaying fungi</p>
<p>VARGA, S. & M.-M. KYTÖVIITA (2010): Mycorrhizal benefit differs among the sexes in a gynodioecious species. <i>Ecology</i> 91:2583–2593</p>	<p>Finland, <i>Geranium sylvaticum</i>, <i>Glomus claroideum</i>, <i>Glomus hoi</i>, gynodioecy, plant and fungal benefit, plant–fungus interactions, resource acquisition, resource allocation, sexual dimorphism</p>